

**PhD Thesis Title:** Anatomically Informed Image Reconstruction for Time of Flight Positron Emission Tomography

**Author:** Palak Wadhwa

**E-mail:** [pwadhwa351@gmail.com](mailto:pwadhwa351@gmail.com)

**Institution:** Biomedical Imaging Science Department, School of Medicine, University of Leeds, UK; Invicro, UK

**Supervisors:** Dr. Charalampos Tsoumpas - Biomedical Imaging Science Department, School of Medicine, University of Leeds, UK; Invicro, UK  
Prof. David Buckley - Biomedical Imaging Science Department, School of Medicine, University of Leeds, UK  
Dr. William Hallett - Invicro, UK  
Prof. Roger Gunn - Invicro, UK; Imperial College London, London, UK

**Graduation Date:** September 2020

**Available Online:** <http://etheses.whiterose.ac.uk/27865/>

**Abstract:**

Positron emission tomography (PET) has an important role in disease diagnosis, drug development and patient management. PET images are accompanied with computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance (MR) to provide the complementary structural information. GE SIGNA PET/MR is the state-of-the-art clinical scanner that aims at combining time of flight-PET (TOF-PET) with anatomical and soft-tissue MR imaging. This work aims at modelling the mathematical and physical processes of TOF-PET data for the GE SIGNA PET/MR within an open-source software, software for tomographic image reconstruction (STIR). This work further examines the developments made to implement the acquisition model using typical (ordered subsets expectation maximisation (OSEM)) and advanced iterative algorithms (TOF-OSEM and TOF-kernelised expectation maximisation (TOF-KEM)).

TOF-PET improves conventional PET imaging as it localises the event along the line of response (LOR) within a small region with an uncertainty, which is calculated using the timing resolution of the detectors. It demonstrates robustness despite the presence of small errors, inconsistencies, or patient motion in the acquired data. The GE SIGNA PET/MR have a timing resolution of 390 ps. The aim of this work is to exploit TOF-PET and further include the anatomical information from MR images to facilitate robust PET reconstructions.

All the developments made in this thesis were compared with the vendor's reconstruction software (GE-toolbox). Real phantom and clinical datasets were used for the analysis. The calculated emission and data corrections using developments made in STIR were in excellent agreement with the GE-toolbox despite the absence of dead-time and decay effects within the current developments. Reconstructions using OSEM and TOF-OSEM algorithms demonstrated a good agreement with the GE-toolbox concerning quantitative, resolution and structural based analysis. TOF-KEM reconstructions demonstrated a slight improvement in quantification as compared to TOF-OSEM with STIR.

The thesis demonstrates the first instance of real data reconstruction for TOF-PET data using TOF-OSEM and TOF-KEM algorithms. The developments made in this thesis provide a platform to investigate the effects of a

novel reconstruction algorithm, TOF-KEM on the dose and scan time reduction using real clinical datasets.

**References to author publications included in the thesis:**

1. **Palak Wadhwa**, Kris Thielemans, Nikolaos Efthimiou, Kristen Wangerin, Nicholas Keat, Elise Emond, Timothy Deller, Ottavia Bertolli, Daniel Deidda, Gaspar Delso, Michel Tohme, Floris Jansen, Roger Gunn, William Hallett and Charalampos Tsoumpas. "PET Image Reconstruction Using Physical and Mathematical Modelling for Time of Flight PET-MR Scanners in the STIR Library." *Methods*, 2020; Volume 185: 110-119, Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ymeth.2020.01.005>
2. Mercy I. Akerele, **Palak Wadhwa**, Jesus Silva-Rodriguez, William Hallett and Charalampos Tsoumpas. "Validation of the Physiological Background Correction Method for the Suppression of the Spill-in Effect Near Highly Radioactive Regions in Positron Emission Tomography." *European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging Physics*, 2018; Article 34, Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40658-018-0233-8>
3. Nikos Efthimiou, Elise Emond, **Palak Wadhwa**, Christopher Cawthorne, Charalampos Tsoumpas and Kris Thielemans. "Implementation and Validation of Time-of-Flight PET Image Reconstruction Module for Listmode and Sinogram Projection Data in the STIR Library." *Physics in Medicine & Biology*, 2019; Volume 64(3):035004, Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6560/aaf9b9>.
4. Evgueni Ovtchinnikov, Richard Brown, Christoph Kolbitsch, Edoardo Pasca, Casper da Costa-Luis, Ashley G. Gillman, Benjamin A. Thomas, Nikos Efthimiou, Johannes Mayer, **Palak Wadhwa**, Mattias J. Ehrhardt, Sam Ellis, Jakob S. Jørgensen, Julian Matthews, Claudia Prieto, Andrew J. Reader, Charalampos Tsoumpas, Martin Turner, David Atkinson and Kris Thielemans. "SIRF: Synergistic Image Reconstruction Framework." *Computer Physics Communication*, 2020; Volume 249:107087, Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cpc.2019.107087>